

Interaction of dimethyl phosphite with tetracyclone

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Abstract

1. Tetracyclone reacts with dimethyl phosphite in the absence of catalysts at the carbonyl group to form an enol phosphate (O,O'-dimethyl 2, 3, 4, 5-tetraphenyl-1,4-cyclopentadienyl phosphate) and by 1,4- and 1,6-addition to the conjugated system $C=C-C=C-C=O$ to form a conjugated γ -ketophosphonate [dimethyl (1-oxo-2,3,4,5-tetraphenyl-4-cyclopenten-3-yl)phosphonate] and nonconjugated and conjugated γ -ketophosphonates [respectively dimethyl (1-oxo-2,3,4,5-tetraphenyl-3-cyclopenten-2-yl)phosphonate and dimethyl (1-oxo-2,3,4,5-tetraphenyl-4-cyclopenten-2-yl)phosphonate]. 2. The presence of triethylamine causes the formation of an α -hydroxyphosphonate [(1-hydroxy-2,3,4,5-tetraphenyl-2, 4-cyclopentadien-1-yl)phosphonic acid] to be kinetically favored; this is converted by bases to the enol phosphate and the nonconjugated β -ketophosphonate. The latter under the reaction conditions gives only the product of prototropic isomerization - the conjugated β -ketophosphonate. © 1978 Plenum Publishing Corporation.

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